

Channel Emissions Framework and Formulae: Linear Radio (AM/FM/Satellite/DAB) Extended Version

Phase	Step & sub-step		Physical processes involved	Formula type	Scaling factors	Expected materiality	Formulae		Expected data	Comments	
CREATION	Tech Manipulation (Multivariate Creative)	Creative storage ¹	Additional server storage for multiple volumes of assets for the purpose of distribution.	Embodied emission factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Number and size of assetsStorage duration	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Low	$\sum_{a=0}^A (size_{e_a} \times time_stored_{t_a} \times storage_impact_{s_a} \times allocation_factor_{t_a})$	<p><i>a</i>: creative asset <i>A</i>: total number of assets for the campaign</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><i>size_{e_a}</i>: size of asset <i>a</i> [kB]<i>time_{stored_{t_a}}</i>: time stored [yr]<i>storage_{impact_a}</i>: carbon impact of storage of asset <i>a</i> [kgCO2e/kB/yr]<i>allocation_{factor_{t_a}}</i>: allocation factor for the campaign for asset <i>a</i> [%]	-		
DISTRIBUTION	Ad Space Selection	Direct Programmatic/ Targeted/ Segmentable/ Addressable	Servers processing transmission through SSP/DSP buying process	Operational emission factors	To be adapted from digital, in future guidance work, considering usually more manual intervention and therefore less automated process.						Audio ads in linear broadcast rely more on traditional planning and scheduling, though digital audio platforms like DAX may allow for some automated placement. Manual intervention means some emissions may partially be included within corporate emissions overhead.
			Embodied emission factors								
			Networks transmission through SSP/DSP buying process	Operational emission factors							
			Embodied emission factors								
	Ad Creative Delivery	Transformation & Transfer	Linear Radio (AM/FM/ Satellite/ DAB) ²	Data centres processing of ad delivery (broadcast) ³	Operational emission factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Low to medium	$\sum_{a=0}^A (number_diffusions_{s_a} \times spot_duration_{n_a} \times bitrate_before_transcoding_{g_a}) \times \sum_{i=0}^I \sum_{c=0}^C (infrastructure_efficiency_{i,c} \times carbon_impact_electricity_{i,c})$	<p><i>a</i>: creative asset <i>A</i>: total number of assets for the campaign <i>i</i>: servers' infrastructure <i>I</i>: total number of radio servers' infrastructure involved for the campaign <i>c</i>: country of final user <i>C</i>: total number of countries involved for the campaign</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><i>number_diffusions_{s_a}</i>: number of diffusions of asset <i>a</i> on linear radio/DAB during the campaign<i>spot_duration_{n_a}</i>: time of audio ad relative to asset <i>a</i> [s]<i>bitrate_before_transcoding_{g_a}</i>: raw bitrate of asset <i>a</i> [kB/s]<i>infrastructure_efficiency_{i,c}</i>: energy efficiency of radio servers infrastructure <i>i</i> in country <i>c</i>, including PUE (per second of diffusion) [kWh/s]<i>carbon_impact_electricity_{i,c}</i>: carbon intensity of electricity in country <i>c</i> [kgCO2e/kWh]	-	Traditional AM/FM and DAB networks are supposed to be mobilised each type a diffusion of the spot is made (flat energy consumption, relative to time of diffusion). Satellite radio is modeled similarly to linear radio for transmission (values used can however be different, e.g. efficiency of networks), and should include rocket launches and satellite placement	
				Embodied emission factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Low to medium	$\sum_{a=0}^A (number_diffusions_{s_a} \times spot_duration_{n_a}) \times \sum_{i=0}^I \sum_{c=0}^C (EF_embodied_infrastructure_{i,c})$	<p><i>a</i>: creative asset <i>A</i>: total number of assets for the campaign <i>i</i>: servers' infrastructure <i>I</i>: total number of radio servers' infrastructure involved for the campaign <i>c</i>: country of final user <i>C</i>: total number of countries involved for the campaign</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><i>number_diffusions_{s_a}</i>: number of diffusions of asset <i>a</i> on linear radio/DAB during the campaign<i>spot_duration_{n_a}</i>: time of audio ad relative to asset <i>a</i> [s]<i>EF_embodied_infrastructure_{i,c}</i>: embodied emission factor of radio servers infrastructure <i>i</i> in country <i>c</i> (amortized relative to lifetime, per second of diffusion) [kgCO2e/s]	-			
				Networks transmission of ad delivery (broadcast)	Operational emission factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Low to medium	$\sum_{a=0}^A (number_diffusion_{s_a} \times spot_duration_{n_a}) \times \sum_{n=0}^N \sum_{c=0}^C (network_efficiency_{n,c} \times carbon_impact_electricity_{i,c})$	<p><i>a</i>: creative asset <i>A</i>: total number of assets for the campaign <i>n</i>: type of network <i>N</i>: total number of networks <i>c</i>: country of final user <i>C</i>: total number of countries involved for the campaign</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><i>number_diffusions_{s_a}</i>: number of diffusions of asset <i>a</i> on linear radio/DAB during the campaign<i>spot_duration_{n_a}</i>: time of audio ad relative to asset <i>a</i> [s]<i>network_efficiency_{n,c}</i>: energy efficiency network <i>n</i>, in country <i>c</i> (per second of diffusion) [kWh/s]<i>carbon_impact_electricity_{i,c}</i>: carbon intensity of electricity in country <i>c</i> [kgCO2e/kWh]	-		
				Embodied emission factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Low to medium	$\sum_{a=0}^A (number_diffusions_{s_a} \times spot_duration_{n_a}) \times \sum_{n=0}^N \sum_{c=0}^C (EF_embodied_network_{n,c})$	<p><i>a</i>: creative asset <i>A</i>: total number of assets for the campaign <i>n</i>: type of network <i>N</i>: total number of networks <i>c</i>: country of final user <i>C</i>: total number of countries involved for the campaign</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><i>number_diffusions_{s_a}</i>: number of diffusions of asset <i>a</i> on linear radio/DAB during the campaign<i>spot_duration_{n_a}</i>: time of audio ad relative to asset <i>a</i> [s]<i>EF_embodied_network_{n,c}</i>: embodied emissions (manufacturing & end-of-life) of network type <i>n</i>, in country (amortized per kB of data over lifetime of infrastructure) [kgCO2e/kB]	-			
CONSUMPTION	Device Listening	User device load	Download / stream of creative to the user device. Includes embodied emissions of devices.	Operational emission factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Data transferred (incl. file size)Device type	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Low	-	-	Likely low materiality, not using this formula yet but kept as theoretical placeholder.	Time to load [s] is determined by the first two parameters. Short time is expected therefore materiality is expected to be low. However, it might become more material in time with on-device advertising is also identified as having a growing impact on loading, but not modeled yet, and it also needs to be confirmed.	
			Embodied emission factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Low	-	-	Likely low materiality, not using this formula yet but kept as theoretical placeholder.				
		User device play	Play of creative on the user device. Includes embodied emissions of devices.	Operational emission factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Time playedDevice type	<ul style="list-style-type: none">High	$\sum_{d=0}^D \sum_{n=0}^N \sum_{c=0}^C (number_plays_d \times time_per_play_d \times device_power_consumption_{play,d,c} \times time_conversion_ratio \times carbon_impact_electricity_{i,c})$	<p><i>d</i>: device type <i>D</i>: total number of device types involved in the campaign <i>n</i>: type of network <i>N</i>: total number of networks <i>c</i>: country of final user <i>C</i>: total number of countries involved for the campaign</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><i>number_plays_d</i>: number of plays (listeners) of asset(s) on device type <i>d</i><i>time_per_play_d</i>: time played per play on device type <i>d</i> [s]<i>device_power_consumption_{play,d}</i>: power consumption of device type <i>d</i> in country <i>c</i> when playing audio content [W]<i>time_conversion_ratio</i>: seconds to hours<i>carbon_impact_electricity_{i,c}</i>: carbon intensity of electricity in country <i>c</i> [kgCO2e/kWh]	Use full device power in the formula.	Smart speakers & car radios to be included in the approach, will require specific guidance and data sources to be identified. Background listening should require specific guidance and modelling.	
				Embodied emission factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">High	$\sum_{d=0}^D \sum_{n=0}^N \sum_{c=0}^C (number_plays_d \times time_per_play_d \times EF_embodied_device_{play,d,c})$	<p><i>d</i>: device type <i>D</i>: total number of device types involved in the campaign <i>n</i>: type of network <i>N</i>: total number of networks <i>c</i>: country of final user <i>C</i>: total number of countries involved for the campaign</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><i>number_plays_d</i>: number of plays (listeners) of asset(s) on device type <i>d</i><i>time_per_play_d</i>: time played per play on device type <i>d</i> amortised: embodied emissions of device type <i>d</i> in country <i>c</i> (amortized per s over lifetime of device), share of play [kgCO2e/s]	Use full device EF in the formula. Total active used time over lifetime by device type is the result of daily use x lifetime in years.			
ALL	Corporate emissions overhead		Allocated organisational emissions attributed to the specific campaign across ALL entities in the campaign value chain.	Corporate overhead	Campaign revenue	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Low	-	-	-	Every organisation in the value chain should be reporting their verified enterprise GHG emissions inventory annually to ensure reasonable data quality at the enterprise level. More guidance will follow on this in the next update of the GMSF.	

Key
- = Not yet applicable or to be investigated further
Σ = The mathematical sign for a sum

Footnotes for Channel Emissions Framework Linear Radio (AM/FM/Satellite/ DAB)

Creative storage

¹ Although relevant in theory, unlike video transmission, transcoding was considered negligible in the case of Audio channel, since audio files are small files and generally include little / no manipulation. More generally, given this small size of files resulting in probable low materiality, the Creative Storage topic will be to discuss in future guidance work to decide if the data required for the calculation is worth tracking down.

Digital listening of traditional radio stations

² Digital listening of linear broadcast radio, is categorised for now as On Demand Audio as this is consumed via internet connected devices. To be explored further in Audio Data Guidance.

Datacentres processing

³ Datacentres handle multiple operations, therefore future guidance work will be conducted on allocation of emissions, capitalising on work already completed on the Digital channel.

Channel Emissions Framework and Formulae: Audio On Demand Extended Version

Phase	Step & sub-step		Physical processes involved		Formula type	Scaling factors	Expected materiality	Formulae		Expected data hacks	Comments							
CREATION	Tech Manipulation (Multivariant Creative)	Creative storage ¹	Additional server storage for multiple volumes of assets for the purpose of distribution.		Embodied emission factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Number and size of assetsStorage duration	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Low	$\sum_{a=0}^A (size_a \times time_stored_a \times storage_impact_a \times allocation_factor_a)$	<i>a: creative asset</i> <i>A: total number of assets for the campaign</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><i>size_a</i>: size of asset a [kB]<i>time_stored_a</i>: time stored [yr]<i>storage_impact_a</i>: carbon impact of storage of asset a [kgCO2e/kB/yr]<i>allocation_factor_a</i>: allocation factor for the campaign for asset a [%]	-								
DISTRIBUTION	Ad Space Selection	Direct Programmatic/ Targeted/ Segmentable/ Addressable	Servers processing transmission through SSP/DSP buying process	Operational emission factors	To be adapted from digital, in future guidance work, considering usually more manual intervention and therefore less automated process.						Audio ads in linear broadcast rely more on traditional planning and scheduling, though digital audio platforms like DAX may allow for some automated placement.							
				Embodied emission factors														
			Networks transmission through SSP/DSP buying process	Operational emission factors														
				Embodied emission factors														
	Ad Creative Delivery	Transformation & Transfer	Audio On Demand ^{2,4}	Data centres processing of ad delivery (unicast) ³								Operational emission factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Data transferred [kB]Location	Medium to high	$\sum_{a=0}^A \sum_{c=0}^C (number_plays_a \times server_output_per_play_a) \times \sum_{i=0}^I \sum_{c=0}^C (break_down_infrastructure_efficiency_{i,c} \times infrastructure_efficiency_{i,c} \times carbon_impact_electricity_c)$	<i>a: creative asset</i> <i>A: total number of assets for the campaign</i> <i>i: servers' infrastructure</i> <i>I: total number of radio servers' infrastructure involved for the campaign</i> <i>c: country of final user</i> <i>C: total number of countries involved for the campaign</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><i>number_plays_a</i>: number of plays (listeners) for asset a on radio on demand<i>server_output_per_play_a</i>: total server output data per play of asset a [kB]<i>break_down_infrastructure_{i,c}</i>: breakdown of total content delivered by infrastructure i in country c (e.g. from ad servers or edge nodes) [%]<i>infrastructure_efficiency_{i,c}</i>: energy efficiency of radio servers infrastructure i in country c, including PUE (amortized per kB of data over lifetime of infrastructure) [kWh/kB]<i>carbon_impact_electricity_c</i>: carbon intensity of electricity in country c [kgCO2e/kWh]		
												Embodied emission factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Data transferred [kB]	Medium to high	$\sum_{a=0}^A \sum_{c=0}^C (number_plays_a \times server_output_per_play_a) \times \sum_{i=0}^I \sum_{c=0}^C (break_down_infrastructure_{i,c} \times EF_embodied_infrastructure_{i,c})$			
Ad Creative Delivery	Transformation & Transfer	Audio On Demand ^{2,4}	Networks transmission of ad delivery (unicast)	Operational emission factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Data transferred [kB]Location	Medium to high	$\sum_{a=0}^A (number_plays_a \times network_transfer_per_play_a) \times \sum_{n=0}^N \sum_{i=0}^I \sum_{c=0}^C (break_down_network_{n,i} \times network_efficiency_{n,i} \times carbon_impact_electricity_i + break_down_network_{n,c} \times network_efficiency_{n,c} \times carbon_impact_electricity_c)$	<i>a: creative asset</i> <i>A: total number of assets for the campaign</i> <i>n: type of network</i> <i>N: total number of networks</i> <i>i: servers' infrastructure</i> <i>I: total number of radio servers' infrastructure involved for the campaign</i> <i>c: country of final user</i> <i>C: total number of countries involved for the campaign</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><i>number_plays_a</i>: number of plays (listeners) for asset a on radio on demand<i>network_transfer_per_play_a</i>: total data transferred on network per play of asset a [kB]<i>break_down_network_{n,i}</i>: breakdown of total content having transited on network n in country of infrastructure i [%]<i>network_efficiency_{n,i}</i>: energy efficiency network n_i in country of infrastructure i (per kB of data) [kWh/kB]<i>carbon_impact_electricity_i</i>: carbon intensity of electricity in country of infrastructure i [kgCO2e/kWh]<i>break_down_network_{n,c}</i>: breakdown of total content having transited on network n in country of user c [%]<i>network_efficiency_{n,c}</i>: energy efficiency network n_i in country of user c (per kB of data) [kWh/kB]<i>carbon_impact_electricity_c</i>: carbon intensity of electricity in country of user c [kgCO2e/kWh]	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Total server output data per impression / Total data transferred on network per impression: For audio format: portion of file size loaded (incl. buffer) + payload overhead of additional as sets	Conventional network model for digital networks, especially valid for digital radio but with to be investigated for digital radio broadcasted via multiplexes, where spare capacity adds complexity.								
				Embodied emission factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Data transferred [kB]	Medium to high	$\sum_{a=0}^A \sum_{c=0}^C (number_plays_a \times network_transfer_per_play_a) \times \sum_{n=0}^N \sum_{i=0}^I \sum_{c=0}^C (break_down_network_{n,i} \times EF_embodied_network_{n,i} + break_down_network_{n,c} \times EF_embodied_network_{n,c})$			Content Delivery Networks (CDNs) are not used for audio in this context.								
CONSUMPTION	Device Listening ⁴	User device load	Download / stream of creative to the user device. Includes embodied emissions of devices.	Operational emission factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Data transferred (incl. file size)Device type	Low	-	-	Likely low materiality, not using this formula yet but kept as theoretical placeholder.	Time to load [s] is determined by the first two parameters. Short time is expected therefore materiality is expected to be low.								
				Embodied emission factors		Low	-	-	Likely low materiality, not using this formula yet but kept as theoretical placeholder.	However, it might become more material in time with on-device advertising, and is also identified as having a growing impact on loading, but this is to be confirmed.								
		User device play	Play of creative on the user device. Includes embodied emissions of devices.	Operational emission factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Time playedDevice type⁵	High	$\sum_{d=0}^D \sum_{n=0}^N \sum_{i=0}^I \sum_{c=0}^C (number_plays_d \times time_per_play_d \times device_power_consumption_{play,d,c} \times time_conversion_ratio \times carbon_impact_electricity_c)$	<i>d: device type</i> <i>D: total number of device types involved in the campaign</i> <i>n: type of network</i> <i>N: total number of networks</i> <i>i: country of final user</i> <i>C: total number of countries involved for the campaign</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><i>number_plays_d</i>: number of plays (listeners) of asset(s) on device type d<i>time_per_play_d</i>: time played per play on device type d [s]<i>device_power_consumption_{play,d,c}</i>: power consumption of device type d in country c when playing audio content [W]<i>time_conversion_ratio</i>: seconds to hours<i>carbon_impact_electricity_c</i>: carbon intensity of electricity in country c [kgCO2e/kWh]	Use full device power in the formula.	Smart speakers & car radios to be included in the approach, will require specific guidance and data sources to be identified.								
				Embodied emission factors		High	$\sum_{d=0}^D \sum_{n=0}^N \sum_{i=0}^I \sum_{c=0}^C (number_plays_d \times time_per_play_d \times EF_embodied_device_{play,d,c})$	<i>d: device type</i> <i>D: total number of device types involved in the campaign</i> <i>n: type of network</i> <i>N: total number of networks</i> <i>i: country of final user</i> <i>C: total number of countries involved for the campaign</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><i>number_plays_d</i>: number of plays (listeners) of asset(s) on device type d<i>time_per_play_d</i>: time played per play on device type d amortised: embodied emissions of device type d in country c (amortized per s over lifetime of device), share of play [kgCO2e/s]	Use full device EF in the formula. Total active used time over lifetime by device type is the result of daily use x lifetime in years.	Background listening should require specific guidance and modelling.								
ALL	Corporate emissions overhead		Allocated organisational emissions attributed to the specific campaign across ALL entities in the campaign value chain.		Corporate overhead	Campaign revenue	High	-	-	-	Every organisation in the value chain should be reporting their verified enterprise GHG emissions inventory annually to ensure reasonable data quality at the enterprise level. More guidance will follow on this in the next update of the GMSF.							

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- = Not yet applicable or to be investigated further
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Footnotes for Channel Emissions Framework Audio On Demand²

Creative storage

¹ Although relevant in theory, unlike video transmission, transcoding was considered negligible in the case of Audio channel, since audio files are small files and generally include little / no manipulation. More generally, given this small size of files resulting in probable low materiality, the Creative Storage topic will be discussed in future guidance work to decide if the data required for the calculation is worth tracking down.

Audio on demand

² Covering any type of audio on demand, including podcasts.

Datacentres processing

³ Datacentres handle multiple operations, therefore future guidance work will be conducted on allocation of emissions, capitalising on work already completed on the Digital channel.

Host-read ad

⁴ Specific host-read audio ad formats, which are not standalone files that can easily be isolated and measured, will be the subject of future guidance work to assess the materiality and complexity of data gathering and assessment.

Devices types

⁵ Any internet enabled devices are considered included in the case of digital radio: laptop, mobile, tablets, but also smart speakers, TV's... Future guidance work will address specific device list and reference emission factors, capitalising on work already completed on the Digital channel.